raient reispectives for Coping with Medical Hauma



Community Information Session: Parent Perspectives for Coping with Medical Trauma

Cortney Wolfe-Christensen, Ph.D.

Pediatric Psychologist, Cook Children's Medical Center

Tess Simpson, Ph.D.

Pediatric Psychologist, Children's Hospital Colorado

Jackie Papadakis, Ph.D.

Pediatric Psychologist, Ann & Robert H. Lurie Children's Hospital of Chicago

To build a better and brighter future for all those impacted by Spina Bifida



The information provided in the Community Information Session including materials distributed and posted on SBA website, is for educational purposes only and is not a substitute for a consultation with medical professional.

Overview of Today's Talk



This talk is directed towards caregivers of youth with spina bifida.

Review of Medical Traumatic Stress



Parent Experiences



Discussion & Questions

What is a medical traumatic <u>event</u>?



Any medical event that makes someone feel intensely threatened

- Experiencing pain
- Experiencing an injury
- Experiencing serious illness
- Receiving a new diagnosis
- Receiving an undesirable prognosis
- Undergoing surgery
- Undergoing medical tests
- Receiving medical treatments
- Other medical interactions



The caregiver(s) and child may perceive the same medical event differently

What is medical traumatic stress?



The **negative psychological** and **physical** response that someone can experience following a medical event

Re-experiencing

memories, dreams, flashbacks...

Avoidance

of thoughts, places, people...

Increased Arousal

feeling irritable, reckless behavior, hypervigilant, hard to focus, poor sleep

Negative Mood/Thoughts

feeling anxious, depressed, detached; having distorted thoughts; dissociation

What else is important to know about medical traumatic stress?







Medical traumatic stress is related to a person's subjective experience of the medical event, not its objective severity

You may...

- **Experience** the traumatic event
- Witness the traumatic event occurring to others
- Learn the traumatic event occurred to a close family member/friend

What else is important to know about medical traumatic stress?



It is different from
everyday stress because it
interferes with functioning
Such as receiving medical
care, taking care of yourself

Some may be at greater risk for experiencing it

For example, those who have existing anxiety and depression, or those with few social supports

Details of the medical event can impact IF or HOW someone experiences it

Did it happen suddenly or gradually?
Were there unexpected complications?

A medical or mental health provider can evaluate for it

Sometimes it may be diagnosed as Acute Stress Disorder or Post-traumatic Stress Disorder

How common is medical traumatic stress in caregivers of youth with spina bifida?



We don't have a lot of research...

In a sample of parents of 23 newborns and 58 school-aged kids

- 75% experienced medical traumatic stress when first learning about their child's diagnosis; in many cases it resolved within 4 years
- 30% of mothers and 20% of fathers still experienced some symptoms when their child was 5-11 years old

For all kids, parents' experience of medical traumatic stress can predict their child's symptoms over the next year

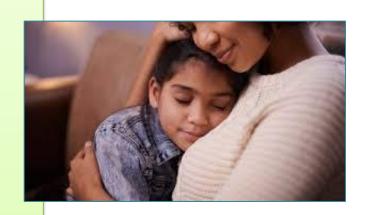


What can we do to manage medical traumatic stress?

How can caregivers help their kids?



- ✓ Gently encourage your child to talk about the medical event and their reactions to it
- ✓ Answer your child's questions honestly, and listen for unspoken worries or fears
- ✓ Support your child in participating in normal activities (school, friends) as much as possible
- ✓ Get professional help if you are concerned about your child
- ✓ If talking about it makes you tense or upset, get support for yourself, so you can help your child



How can caregivers help their kids?



Creating a "social story" or plan can help!

	(reason)	
When I think about what happened to me no		
25	(how you feel when you think about it)	
Some of the things that remind me of what h	appened to me are	an
	(something that reminds)	you of what happened)
		The second secon
(something else that reminds you of what happ	. If I think about what happened and get u	pset, one way I can calm down is b
(something else that reminds you of what happ		
(something else that reminds you of what happ (something you can do to calm down)	pened)	
	I could also talk to	pset, one way I can calm down is b

What can professional help look like?



Trauma-focused
Cognitive Behavior
Therapy (TF-CBT)is
for all ages

- ✓ Learning relaxation strategies to reduce anxiety/stress
- ✓ Building awareness of our thoughts and how to think in realistic, adaptive ways
- ✓ Creating a trauma narrative to help us process the event
- ✓ Learning how family members can be supportive





Caregiver Experiences



Comments & Questions

Resources



- NCTSN Resources | The National Child Traumatic Stress Network
- At the Hospital: Helping My Teen Cope What Parents Can Do | The National Child Traumatic Stress Network (nctsn.org)
- At the Hospital: Helping My Child Cope What Parents Can Do | The National Child Traumatic Stress Network (nctsn.org)
- Aftertheinjury.org
- Healthcaretoolbox.org/patient-education-parents
- Find a TF-CBT Certified Therapist TF-CBT Certification Program (tfcbt.org)

Are there mental health professionals who work in your medical setting or primary care practice?

Select References Cited



- Alabi NB, Thibadeau J, Wiener JS, Conklin MJ, Dias MS, Sawin KJ, Valdez R. Surgeries and Health Outcomes Among Patients With Spina Bifida. Pediatrics. 2018 Sep;142(3):e20173730. doi: 10.1542/peds.2017-3730
- Ford, J. D., Grasso, D. J., Elhai, J. D., & Courtois, C. A. (2015). Social, cultural, and other diversity issues in the traumatic stress field. *Posttraumatic Stress Disorder*, 503–546. https://doi.org/10.1016/B978-0-12-801288-8.00011-X
- Kassam-Adams N, Marsac ML, Hildenbrand A, Winston F. Posttraumatic stress following pediatric injury: update on diagnosis, risk factors, and intervention. JAMA Pediatr. 2013 Dec;167(12):1158-65. doi: 10.1001/jamapediatrics.2013.2741. PMID: 24100470.
- Landolt MA, Ystrom E, Sennhauser FH, Gnehm HE, Vollrath ME. The mutual prospective influence of child and parental post-traumatic stress symptoms in pediatric patients. J Child Psychol Psychiatry. 2012;53(7):767-774
- National Child Traumatic Stress Network
- Schein, J., Houle, C., Urganus, A., Cloutier, M., Patterson-Lomba, O., Wang, Y., King, S., Levinson, W., Guérin, A., Lefebvre, P., & Davis, L. L. (2021). Prevalence of post-traumatic stress disorder in the United States: a systematic literature review. Current medical research and opinion, 37(12), 2151–2161. https://doi.org/10.1080/03007995.2021.1978417
- Stanzel, A., & Sierau, S. (2021). Pediatric Medical Traumatic Stress (PMTS) following Surgery in Childhood and Adolescence: A Systematic Review. *Journal of Child & Adolescent Trauma, 15(3), 795-809*.
- Vermaes IP, Gerris JR, Mullaart RA, Geerdink N, Janssens JM. PMTS and stress response sequences in parents of children with spina bifida. Eur J Paediatr Neurol. 2008 Nov;12(6):446-54. doi: 10.1016/j.ejpn.2007.11.002. Epub 2008 Jan 28. PMID: 18222716.

Thank you!



1600 Wilson Blvd. Suit 800, Arlington, VA 22209 Phone: (800) 621-3141 Fax: (202) 944-3295

f spina.bifida.learn ♥ @SpinaBifidaAssn spinabifidaassociation.org